28th ANNUAL TENNESSEE YMCA
MIDDLE SCHOOL
MODEL UNITED NATIONS
Sponsored by the YMCA Center for Civic Engagement

November 3, 2016
Dyersburg

Democracy must be learned by each generation.
28th ANNUAL TENNESSEE YMCA
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Democracy must be learned by each generation.
TENNESSEE YMCA
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28TH ANNUAL TENNESSEE YMCA
MIDDLE SCHOOL
MODEL UNITED NATIONS
Sponsored by the YMCA Center for Civic Engagement
Dyersburg Professional Development Center
November 3, 2016

CONFERENCE AGENDA

8:30-9:30 AM  Conference Registration  PDC Main Room
9:30–Noon  Committees of the General Assembly

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Noon  Lunch  Dining Room
1:00 PM  Plenary Session  Yates Auditorium
3:30 PM  Closing Ceremony  Yates Auditorium
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TENNESSEE YMCA MIDDLE SCHOOL
MODEL UNITED NATIONS

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<td>Price Tanner</td>
<td>United States</td>
<td>Northview</td>
<td>2 16-2-1</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Colombia</td>
<td>Northview</td>
<td>2 16-2-1</td>
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<td>Price Tanner</td>
<td>United States</td>
<td>Northview</td>
<td>2 16-2-1</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:**
- The table lists names, nationalities, cities, and assemblies.
- The numbers after the city names indicate the assembly number and the year.
- The table is sorted alphabetically by name.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>United Nations Current Member States</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>BOLD</strong> indicates Security Council Member</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Afghanistan  
Albania  
Algeria  
Andorra  
**Angola**  
Antigua & Barbuda  
Argentina  
Armenia  
Australia  
Austria  
Azerbaijan  
Bahamas  
Bahrain  
Bangladesh  
Barbados  
Belarus  
Belgium  
Belize  
Benin  
Bhutan  
Bolivia  
Bosnia & Herzegovina  
Botswana  
Brazil  
Brunei Darussalam  
Bulgaria  
Burkina Faso  
Burundi  
Cambodia  
Cameroon  
Canada  
Cape Verde  
Central African Republic  
Chad  
Chile  
**China**  
Colombia  
Comoros  
Congo  
Costa Rica  
Cote d’Ivoire  
Croatia  
Cuba  
Cyprus  
Czech Republic  
Dem. People’s Rep. of Korea  
Dem. Rep. of the Congo  
Denmark  
Djibouti  
Dominica  
Dominican Republic  
Ecuador  
**Egypt**  
El Salvador  
Equatorial Guinea  
Eritrea  
Estonia  
Ethiopia  
Fiji  
Finland  
**France**  
Gabon  
Gambia  
Georgia  
Germany  
Ghana  
Greece  
Grenada  
Guatemala  
Guinea  
Guinea-Bissau  
Guyana  
Haiti  
Honduras  
Hungary  
Iceland  
India  
Indonesia  
Iran  
Iraq  
Ireland  
Israel  
Italy  
Jamaica  
**Japan**  
Jordan  
Kazakhstan  
Kenya  
Kiribati  
Kuwait  
Kyrgyzstan  
Latvia  
Lebanon  
Lesotho  
Liberia  
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya  
Liechtenstein  
Lithuania  
Luxembourg  
Madagascar  
Malawi  
**Malaysia**  
Maldives  
Mali  
Malta  
Marshall Islands  
Mauritania  
Mauritius  
Mexico  
Micronesia  
Republic of Moldova  
Monaco  
Mongolia  
Montenegro  
Morocco  
Mozambique  
Myanmar  
Namibia  
Nauru  
Nepal  
Netherlands  
**New Zealand**
Nicaragua
Niger
Nigeria
Norway
Oman
Pakistan
Palau
Panama
Papua New Guinea
Paraguay
Peru
Philippines
Poland
Portugal
Qatar
Republic of Korea
Romania
**Russian Federation**
Rwanda
Saint Kitts & Nevis
Saint Lucia
Saint Vincent & the Grenadines
Samoa
San Marino
Sao Tome & Principe
Saudi Arabia
**Senegal**
Serbia
Seychelles
Sierra Leone
Singapore
Slovakia
Slovenia
Solomon Islands
Somalia
South Africa
South Sudan
Spain
Sri Lanka
Sudan
Suriname
Swaziland
Sweden
Switzerland
Syrian Arab Republic
Tajikistan
Thailand
The former Yugoslav Rep. of Macedonia
East Timor
Togo
Tonga
Trinidad & Tobago
Tunisia
Turkey
Turkmenistan
Tuvalu
Uganda
Ukraine
United Arab Emirates
United Kingdom of Great Britain & Northern Ireland
United Republic of Tanzania
United States of America
Uruguay
Uzbekistan
Vanuatu
Venezuela
Viet Nam
Yemen
Zambia
Zimbabwe
RULES OF PROCEDURE FOR THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Rule 1
AGENDA – The agenda of the General Assembly shall be drawn up by the Secretary General (State Director’s Office) and shall be regarded as adopted at the beginning of the session. There shall be no revisions or additions to the agenda without approval of the officers and the Secretary General.

Rule 2
The Secretary General shall allocate items to the main committees of the General Assembly.

Rule 3
The credentials of all members of delegations, having been submitted to the President of the Security Council and Secretary General in advance of the session of the Model General Assembly, shall be considered to have been approved.

Rule 4
The PRESIDENT OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY – The President of the General Assembly and six (6) Vice Presidents shall be elected by a majority of those voting, with each delegate having one (1) vote.

Rule 5
Nominations shall be in writing and submitted to the State Director’s office by the pre-determined deadline. Electronic voting machines will be used (polls will be opened only at specific times – see agenda). The election will be for the assembly the following year.

Rule 6
The President of the General Assembly shall:
  a. Declare the opening and closing of each plenary session.
  b. Direct the discussion in plenary session.
  c. Ensure the observance of these rules of procedure.
  d. Accord the right to speak.
  e. Put questions to a vote and announce decisions.
  f. Limit the time allowed to speakers.
  g. Close the list of speakers.
  h. Have at least one year of experience in the Model United Nations.
  i. Call councils to order.
  j. Reserve the right to delegate the execution of the above to any Vice President.
Rule 7
The President or presiding officer of the General Assembly shall not vote on any question unless there is a tie.

Rule 8
The PRESIDENT OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL – The President of the Security Council shall be elected by a majority of members of the Conference with one vote per delegate. The election shall be for the following year’s assembly.

Rule 9
The President of the Security Council and the Security Council Liaison shall act in the capacity of Secretariat for all meetings of the General Assembly members and shall be responsible for advanced notice of sessions, reports of committees, and all documentation.

Rule 10
LANGUAGES – The model session shall be conducted English. No interpretation will be provided by the organizers of the model session. However, any participant wishing to address the session in another language may do so, provided he/she brings his/her own interpreter.

Rule 11
Two-thirds (67%) of the assigned delegates shall constitute a quorum of the General Assemblies, Plenary session, and committees. Any session without a quorum may not act on any question on its agenda until a quorum is present.

Rule 12
No delegate may speak to any session without the permission of the presiding officer. Remarks must be relevant to the items on the agenda at any given time.

Rule 13
The President of the General Assembly, any presiding Vice President, Sub committee or Committee chair may limit the time to be allowed for speakers in their respective sessions. Speakers must limit their remarks to the time allocated and will be called out of order if they speak beyond their allotted time.

Rule 14
All resolutions must be submitted in writing prior to the beginning of the conference. The CCE staff and conference officers reserve the right to reject inappropriate resolutions. Amendments must be submitted during committee sessions only, and on the appropriate form in legible writing. Amendments must be germane. The patrons of the resolution in question have the right to declare an amendment friendly or unfriendly.
Rule 15
The decision to refer a resolution to committee for amending is at the discretion of the Chair.

Rule 16
WITHDRAWAL OF MOTIONS – A motion may be withdrawn by its sponsor at any time before voting on it has commenced. Any member may reintroduce a motion, which has been withdrawn.

Rule 17
RECONSIDERATION OF RESOLUTIONS – No resolution, once passed or failed by the General Assembly or Plenary, may be reconsidered without the express approval of the CCE Director.

Rule 18
CLOSURE OF DEBATE – During the discussion of any matter, a representative may move for adjournment of debate. Two representatives may stand in favor of, or two against, the motion for closure of debate. The motion shall then be immediately put to vote (two-thirds vote required).

Rule 19
SUSPENSION OF ADJOURNMENT OF THE MEETING – At any time, a representative may move the suspension of adjournment of the meeting. Such a motion shall not be debated, but shall immediately be put to a vote. The President of the General Assembly or committee chairman may refuse to entertain such a motion if he/she feels it will prevent the meeting from completing its work.

Rule 20
ORDER OF PROCEDURE MOTIONS – The following motions shall have precedence over all other proposals in the following order:
   a. To suspend the meeting
   b. To adjourn the meeting
   c. To close the debate

Rule 21
VOTING – Each member nation’s delegation shall have one vote in the General Assembly and Plenary sessions on all substantive matters (i.e. resolutions). Delegations may vote yes, no, or abstain. Resolutions that receive simple majorities of ‘yes’ votes shall pass. Each delegate may vote on all procedural questions.
**Rule 22**

Representatives shall normally vote by voice vote or by standing. Any presiding officer may call for a roll call vote, but no roll call votes will be taken on the following:

a. Procedural questions
b. In the plenary on resolutions already voted on in the main committees
c.

**Rule 23**

CONDUCT OF VOTING – After the President of the General Assembly, presiding Vice President, or Committee Chair has announced the beginning of voting, no representative shall interrupt the voting. Members may be permitted to explain their votes after the voting; the President of the General Assembly or committee chairman may limit the time to be allowed for such explanations.

**Rule 24**

IN COMMITTEE – When an amendment is moved to a resolution in committee, the amendment shall be voted on first. When two or more amendments are moved to a resolution, the committee shall vote first on the amendment furthest in substance removed from the original resolution, then on the amendment next furthest removed therefrom, and so on. Where, however, the adoption of one amendment necessarily implies the reflection of another amendment, the latter amendment shall not be put to a vote. A motion is considered an amendment to a proposal if it adds to, deletes from, or revises part of that resolution.

**Rule 25**

A motion to suspend the rules requires a two-thirds majority vote. Consideration of the motion will be at the Chair’s discretion.

**Rule 26**

Two members of each country’s delegation must be present in all committee meetings and the Plenary session. Countries failing to adhere to this are subject to suspension of voting rights and/or expulsion.

**Rule 27**

All country delegations must be present at all scheduled Model United Nations functions.
# TABLE OF MOTIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Motion</th>
<th>When Another has the Floor</th>
<th>Second</th>
<th>Debatable</th>
<th>Amendable</th>
<th>Vote</th>
<th>Reconsider</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Main Motion (Bill)</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Majority</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjourn</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Majority</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amend</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Majority</td>
<td>Yes-N</td>
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<tr>
<td>Appeal</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Majority</td>
<td>Yes</td>
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<tr>
<td>Lay on the Table</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>2/3</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postpone to a certain time</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Majority</td>
<td>Yes</td>
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<td>Previous Question</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>2/3</td>
<td>No</td>
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<tr>
<td>Recess</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Majority</td>
<td>No</td>
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<tr>
<td>Reconsider</td>
<td>When Another has been assigned the floor</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Majority</td>
<td>No</td>
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<tr>
<td>Point of Personal Priv.</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
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<tr>
<td>Suspend the Rules</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>2/3</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Withdraw Motions</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Majority</td>
<td>Yes-N</td>
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<tr>
<td>Division</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>One</td>
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<td>Point of Information</td>
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<td>No</td>
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<td>No</td>
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<tr>
<td>Parliamentary Procedure Point</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
**SCRIPT FOR CCE MUN DEBATE**

by Tucker Cowden, MHMS

*Outside of this guide, consult additional TN YMCA CCE supplements and Robert’s Rules of Order
*Script is written with the assumption of more than one patron for the resolution/bill. If there is only one presenting patron, change statements to the singular (i.e. “Does the Patron” instead of “Do the Patrons”).

**Overview**

Model UN (MUN) debate should be seen in the context of the actual United Nations General Assembly, where delegates speak directly on behalf of the governments of the nations they represent and the items debated are called **resolutions**. Because of this setting, MUN delegates should know their nation’s stance on important world issues and approach them as that country’s government would (even if the delegates do not agree with that approach). This applies especially to the resolution that you are presenting. It should address not only an issue that the delegates think is important, but one that the country’s government thinks is important and would actually present to the UN. Also, although the event is called “Model UN,” speakers referring to the body should not say that “the Model UN” should do such-and-such. You are to be completely in character, acting as if Model UN were the actual United Nations (so refer to the conference as “the UN” or “the United Nations”).

**Asking Technical Questions** (after being recognized by the chair)

**Speaker:** [States Name, States Country, States One Question (must be one that merits a response of yes, no, a number, a definition, or a short, expository rather than persuasive answer) (the question is directed to the presenting delegates)]

**Con/Pro Debate** (after being recognized)

*Delegates may take one or two of the three actions listed below (ask questions, speak to the floor, yield time to another delegate), but may not only yield time to another delegate (you can only ask questions or only speak, but cannot only yield time).

**Speaker:** (States Name, States Country) and...
To Ask A Series of Questions

**Speaker:** Do the Patrons yield to a possible series of questions? (**Not:** “a series of possible questions,” or “a question.”)

**Chair:** They do so yield

**Speaker:** (To Patrons) (Asks Questions and receives answers for up to two minutes, depending on the committee/GA/plenary’s time structure).

*It is important to note that questions asked as a Con speech should seek to criticize, or at least show skepticism for, the given resolution. Those asked as a Pro speech should do the opposite, emphasizing the positive aspects of the resolution.*

To Address the Assembly

**Speaker:** May I address the floor?

**Chair:** That is your right.

**Speaker:** (Speaks to fellow delegates, not the patrons, for the allotted amount of time either in favor of (pro speech) or against (con speech) the resolution).

*You should never use the words “Con” or “Pro” in your speech unless referring to “a previous con speaker,” etc. Con and Pro are not nouns or verbs that can be used to show your support or dislike of a resolution (so **do not** say “I con this resolution”).

To Yield Remaining time after one of the above to a fellow delegate:

**Speaker:** May I yield the remainder of my time to a fellow delegate?

**Chair:** That is your right. Please specify a delegate.

**Speaker:** [Names the delegate to be yielded to (refer to him/her by country)] (Takes first action)

*Delegates being yielded to should have the same opinion (pro or con) on the resolution as the speakers that yield to them.*

Motions (must be made before the last con speech)

**Speaker:** (Shouts) Motion!

**Chair:** Rise and state your motion.

**Speaker:** (States Name, States Country, States Motion—see table of motions in delegate manual)

**Chair:** [Takes it from there (decides if the motion is in order or not, asks for a second to the motion, and conducts a vote, usually by voice acclamation)]
FORMAT FOR DEBATE

I. Committee
   Two minutes – Introduction
   Two minutes – Technical Questions
   +/-Five minutes – Con/pro debate
   One minute – Summation

Amendments
   One minute – Introduction
   Two rounds – Con/pro debate (1 minute per speaker)
   One minute – Summation

II. General Assembly/Plenary
   Two minutes – Introduction
   One minute – Technical Questions
   Three rounds – Con/pro debate (2 minutes per speaker)
   Two minutes – Summation

SAMPLE RANKING FORM

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Resolution #</th>
<th>Character</th>
<th>Innovation</th>
<th>Fiscal Feasibility</th>
<th>Content &amp; Research</th>
<th>Significant Impact</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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</tbody>
</table>
TENNESSEE YMCA
MIDDLE SCHOOL
MODEL UNITED NATIONS

COMMITTEE 1
To the General Assembly:

Acknowledging the increasing levels of unsanitary water in the Democratic Republic of the Congo,

Having considered the little efforts the country itself has done to provide clean water for the Congolese people,

Noting further that 45% of the population have access to safe drinking water, in some rural areas as low as 3%,

Alarmed by the fact that WaterAid's, a British charity, efforts to introduce the modest water pump were not successful,

Fully aware that this is also a problem in many other countries,

Considering 6,000 people on average per day and over two million per year due to waterborne diseases, such as typhoid, Hepatitis A, and diarrhea, and of water contact diseases such as schistomiasis,

According to various studies, the average amount of water a person should have per day is 3 liters,

Observing in Congolese markets, it costs $1.50 US dollars for a 1.5 liter water bottle in the Democratic Republic of the Congo,

Noting with grave concern that a person in the Democratic Republic of Congo makes $1.10 US dollars income per day,

The Delegation of the Democratic Republic of the Congo does hereby:

Introduces the Sun-to-Water generator to villages in the Democratic Republic of the Congo,
Calls upon non-profit charitable organizations for fundings,

Declares the Sun-to-Water generators to cost $8,249 US dollars per generator plus an extra $500 US dollars if reserved,

Further proclaims the Sun-to-Water generator has been proven to increase the levels of safe water,

Encourages other countries to help fund this movement that will solve this rising problem around the world,

This resolution will take effect on January 1, 2017.
A Resolution to lessen pollution in the Russian Federation

To the General Assembly:

Noting with deep concern that Russia has been faced with the problem of pollution in recent years, and that this has been damaging the environment and harming the population,

Fully aware that Russia's air is among the most polluted in the world, and that in 84 of its biggest cities, air pollution is ten times the accepted safety levels,

Having considered that most air pollution in Russia comes from coal-burning power plants,

Emphasizing that air pollution is responsible for 41% of respiratory diseases and 16% of endocrine diseases,

Noting with grave concern that 219,000 to 230,000 people die prematurely every year due to air pollution,

Conscious that about 40% of Russia is under high or moderately high ecological stress,

We the Delegation of the Russian Federation Hereby:

Calls upon the United Nations to aid us by lending Russia money to fund the construction of a wind turbine system,

Further calls on the United Nations to assist in the research of cleaner emissions in coal-burning facilitates and automobiles, and in renewable resources,

Draws attention to the fact that each wind turbine will cost 140.5 million Russian rubles, or 2.2 million United States dollars,

Strongly recommends that other nations assist in the funding of this new energy to help clean the Earth's atmosphere,

This resolution will take effect January 1, 2017.
A Resolution to Improve the Economy in Ireland

To the General Assembly:

Concerned that Ireland is facing a political crisis due to spending cuts and tax hikes made during the bailout years;

Alarmed that if this crisis continues that it will affect jobs in Ireland and the economy of Europe;

Aware of the recession and the bank bailout has led to a substantial rise in the government borrowing;

Cognizant that markets are becoming worried because the Irish debt is looking unsustainable;

Disturbed that the European debt crisis would most likely affect any European government to default;

The Delegation of Ireland does hereby,

Urges the United Nations to start a committee to assist in development of economic reforms;

Recommends the UN provide funding to help reduce the debt;

Requests the UN to assist with creating job opportunities and reforms for the citizens of Ireland and Europe.

Proclaim this will go effect on December 5, 2017.
A Resolution To Decrease The Amount Of Debt In Italy

To the General Assembly:

Alarmed by the fact that Italian banks are struggling with the burden of bad debt, loans that are unlikely to ever be repaid fully;

Concerned that Italian banks are a potential flashpoint for the economy and poses wider risks to the European Union’s currency area;

Disturbed that the size of the Italian economy and its government debt has created instability;

Fully aware that Italy is the third-largest economy in the eurozone and the government debt burden is one of the largest in the Eurozone;

Bearing in mind that the one of the roots of the problem is Italy’s two decades of dismal economic performance. Italy’s total economic activity (GDP- gross domestic product) remains 8% smaller that it was at the start of the financial crisis;

Noting further that the problem has been made worse by Italy’s bankruptcy legislation which makes it very slow for lenders to get their money back when a borrower fails financially;

The delegation of Italy does hereby

Calls for the United Nations to assist in relieving this financial crisis that can affect Italy and all countries of the European Union;

Strongly encourages the UN to set up a committee to help find solutions to assist EU in the financial crisis;

Recommends the United Nations provide funding to help reduce the national debt in Italy;

Proclaim this shall go into effect by 10/31/2017
A Resolution to Decrease Terrorism

To the General Assembly,

Noting with great concern that ISIS is responsible for thousands of deaths across the globe;

Alarmed that there have been more than twenty ISIS inspired attacks around the world;

Fully aware 1204 Israelis and at least 9419 Palestinians have been killed since September 29, 2000;

Noting with grave concern that 1603 people have been killed in acts of terror since 1993 in Israel alone;

The Delegation of Israel does hereby:

Calls upon the United Nation General Assembly to encourage Increased security in airports, boat docks, and country borders;

Declares that the UN General Assembly should fund operations to watch high priority site of terrorism and value;

Encourages the UN General Assembly to fund groups that research Acts of terror and solutions to these problems;

Call upon the UN General Assembly to facilitate communications among various national anti-terrorism agencies.

Proclaim this shall go into effect Jan. 31, 2017.
To the General Assembly:

Nothing with deep concern, we have realized that terrorism is a growing problem in the United States. After research, we have concluded that there have been 142 terrorist attacks in America in the past 20 years. These attacks have resulted not only in the destruction of American businesses, but also the deaths of innocent civilians.

Noting with regret that American efforts to end terrorism have not been successful and regretting to report that terrorist attacks are still happening in our country,

Taking into consideration the failed attempts to reduce terrorism in the United States, which strengthens the countries wanting to attacks us, something needs to be done to ensure that this does not happen again,

Alarmed by terrorism, citizens have been in fear since the first of many terrorism attacks and have not lived out their lives,

Bearing in mind that other countries outside of the United States are also suffering from terrorism,

The Delegation of America does hereby:

Recommend further background checks and advanced technologies for people entering America; (I) advanced criminal background check system to reduce terrorism travel; (ii) advanced x-ray scanners at airports,

Calls upon other countries to enforce stricter background checks,

Strongly condemns any act or acts of terrorism,

Request the support of all countries coming together as one to end terrorism,

This resolution will take place on January 1st, 2017
A Resolution to Provide Food Aid to the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea

Knowing that Korea has struggled to feed its people since the severe famine in the 1990’s;

Keeping in mind that during that same famine, one million Koreans died of starvation;

Fully aware that the United States of America halted food shipments to Korea in 2009;

Disturbed that over half of the population is in “extreme poverty;”

Alarmed that Koreans die by the dozens, sometimes hundreds, from starvation every day;

Knowing that tensions are rising between the U.S and Korea;

We the delegation of the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea hereby,

Call upon the United Nations Food and Agriculture Organization to provide food aid to Korea’s poor;

Emphasizing that Korea is generally thought of as a hostile nation,

We the delegation of the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea hereby,

Pledge to attempt to pull nuclear weapons out of Syria and Iran, and provide no more logistical or maintenance support to installations in place in those countries;

Proclaims to call off war with the United States of America, and begin dismantling nuclear facilities in the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea;

These proposals will be fulfilled if the United Nations provide food aid to Korea’s 12.4 million in poverty.

We proclaim that this shall go into effect by Feb. 1, 2017.
Resolution to End Terrorist Attacks in France and Around the World

To the General Assembly:

Anxiously concerned by the various terrorist attacks in France as well as the rest of the world since 2006 to today. Over 28,328 people worldwide have been annihilated by terrorists from this time period.

Deeply disturbed that France is still being assaulted today by ISIS and ISIS inspired terrorist groups, killing 234 citizens in the last 18 months,

Keeping in mind, that we are not the only country with terrorism issues, Iraq, followed by Pakistan, Afghanistan, and Belgium, have also been attacked over the years.

Fully aware that 400 French citizens and tourists were killed and more than 1,700 have been hurt by Islamic extremists since 1970.

Acknowledging that the French capital was put on high alert when they disabled a “terrorist cell” which was leading to another attack on a Paris railway station.

Considering the French Prime Minister, the French that in Qamishli had two explosions in the Predominantly Kurdish town. Killing 57 Kurdish people, and eight Anguish people. At least 171 people were wounded.

We the delegation of France hereby:

Request that the United Nations establish a terrorism committee to facilitate antiterrorism activity including communication between countries antiterrorism forces.

Call upon the United Nations to enhance France’s security, as well as the security of other European countries. If we can help Europe, we will be able to alleviate other countries outside Europe.

This resolution will help improve countries around the world by decreasing the death rates of terrorism.

We declare that this shall go into effect by March 20th, 2017.
A Resolution to Decrease Pollution in Chile and Throughout the World

To the General Assembly

Acknowledging the pollution of air in Chile and throughout the world and how it affects people, especially children;

Disturbed that 3,500 people are sent to the hospital Daily because of 300 micrograms per cubic meter, and that most air pollution is caused by burning coal, wood, dung, and crop residue and more;

Aware that as time goes on there is an increased need for power.

Bearing in mind that researchers say more pollution will happen in the future. In the U.S every dollar spent on air quality saves 4 to 30 dollars at reduced health impacts.

Concerned that Chili’s capital has the record for smog concentration;

Alarmed that a recent economic boom has increased pollution in Chile even more. Some cities in Chile are in valleys where pollution may get trapped and cause acid rain, smog, and other problems;

The delegation of Chile does hereby

Calls for the United Nations form a committee to study how to clean air and water of Chile and the rest of the world.

Request that the UN provide funding for the country’s air pollution problem, and send medical professionals to help with the people that got sick because of the pollution.

Proclaim this shall go into effect Sept 15, 2017.
Sponsor: Afghanistan
Delegates: Christopher Lyons, Bryan Moore, Luke Randolph, Preston Smith
Committee: Disarmament and International Security
School: Dyersburg Middle School

A Resolution to Stop Terrorism in the Middle East

To the General Assembly:

1. Alarmed that the Afghans are in great financial stress because of the recent terrorist movements;
2. Acknowledging that ISIS and the Taliban have overwhelmed the country of Afghanistan;
3. Disturbed that ISIS has been encroaching on control of the Afghan people for years now;
4. Noting that the people of Afghanistan are being treated unfairly and can’t do anything to stop ISIS;
5. Keeping in mind that the people of Afghanistan for the most part of are a peaceful people;
6. Fully aware that ISIS has been around since 2011 and was a small insignificant group;
7. Convinced that Afghan government is basically under the USA’s influence and control.
8. Noticing that ISIS has also told other jihadist groups worldwide that they must accept its supreme authority. Many already have, among them several offshoots of the Taliban and al-Qaeda network;
9. Disturbed ISIS seeks to “eradicate obstacles to restoring God’s rule on Earth and to defend the Muslim community, or umma, against infidels and apostates;”
10. Knowing that ISIS stands for the Islamic State of Iraq and Syria.
11. We, the delegation of Afghanistan, do hereby
Call upon the United Nations to send money and other resources to stop the terrorism in Afghanistan and almost every other Middle Eastern country.

Requests that the United Nations put peacekeeping troops into Afghanistan to reduce the terrorism that occurs in Afghanistan.

Requests that the United Nations stop the infiltration of ISIS into Mideast countries.

Proclaim this shall go into effect by Mar. 1, 2017.
To the General Assembly:

Concerned that terrorists raided a luxury hotel in Burkina Faso, shooting some and taking others hostage in a siege that lasted hours and ended with 29 people dead;

Alarmed that in July of 2016, 233 total terrorist incidents happened;

Understanding that border control is crucial to Burkina Faso. We must raise money to have higher tech border control, to protect the country, and the people;

Concerned that there have been recent attacks in Cote d’Ivoire, Mali and Burkina Faso. Attacks appear to be indiscriminate, including in places visited by foreigners. Terrorist groups continue to mount attacks on hotels, cafes and restaurants;

Also concerned that further attacks are possible and could occur without warning;

Keeping in mind that there is a very real threat of kidnapping in Burkina Faso and the wider Sahel region from terrorist groups like Al Qaeda in the Islamic Maghreb (AQIM), the Movement for Unity and Jihad in West Africa (MUJWA) and Al Murabitun. The Sahel includes Burkina Faso, Mali, Mauritania and Niger. The kidnap threat extends to other countries including Algeria, Cameroon, Libya and Nigeria. Victims in the region have included construction workers, NGO workers, tourists and diplomats of various nationalities, primarily European. Since 2008, over 25 westerners have been kidnapped in the Sahel region.

We, the delegation of Burkina Faso, do hereby:

Request that the United Nations should provide peacekeeping forces to monitor international borders in west Africa and other threatened areas.

Proclaim this shall go into effect by 12/31/16.
TENNESSEE YMCA
MIDDLE SCHOOL
MODEL UNITED NATIONS

COMMITTEE 2
To the General Assembly,

Considering that 28.7% of Colombia’s population is in poverty and has a shortage of jobs the people of Colombia are resorting to making illegal drugs;

Recognizing 38% of the population is either on drugs or manufacturing them;

Realizing that Colombia is the number one producer of cocaine in the world;

Alarmed by the fact that the Norte del Valle cartel is estimated to have exported more than 1.2 million pounds — or 500 metric tons — of cocaine worth in excess of $10 billion from Colombia to Mexico and ultimately to the United States for resale in the past year;

Taking note of the corruption of the Norte del Valle cartel were further alleged to have bribed and corrupted Colombian law enforcement and Colombian legislators to, among other things, attempt to block the extradition of Colombian narcotics traffickers to the United States for further prosecution;

Bearing in mind the Colombian government efforts to reduce the influence of drug related criminal organizations is one of the origins of the Colombian conflict, an ongoing low intensity war among rival narco-paramilitary groups, guerrillas and drug cartels fighting each other to increase their influence and against the Colombian government;

We, the Delegation of Colombia, hereby:

Call upon the United Nations to help create a committee to increase law enforcement to stop drug trafficking; without causing friction between the citizens;

Further requesting that the U.N to provide funding and law enforcement officers to assist our government;
Declares that law enforcement should be widespread from rural areas to urban areas;
Request that the harming of citizens should be used only if necessary.
Proclaim that this should go into effect on June 5, 2017.
TENNESSEE YMCA MODEL UNITED NATIONS

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Sponsor: Jordan
Delegates: Grayson Carr, John Houston Hollingsworth, Landon Pennington, Maddux Stone
Committee: Social, Humanitarian and Cultural
School: Dyersburg Middle School

A Resolution to Jordan’s Problems

To the General Assembly,

Deeply concerned that Jordan faces huge challenges such as Syrian refugees affecting the country;

Alarmed that our country is hosting 1.3 million refugees who escaped from the four-year Civil War;

Concerned that there could be more unemployment and that Jordan still depends on foreign aid;

Disturbed that Jordan’s trading partners, mainly Syria and Iraq have put pressure on Jordan;

Aware that the economy would have to increase 6% to keep everybody employed;

We, the delegation of Jordan do hereby:

Call upon the United Nations to provide expertise to propose solutions to increase economic growth to increase employment levels;

We recommend that the UN encourage trade to stimulate the economy of Jordan;

We strongly encourage the UN to create alternative destinations to decrease the number of Syrian refugees entering and remaining in Jordan.

Proclaim that this shall go into effect by Feb. 1, 2017.
Reducing the Spread of the Zika Virus

To the General Assembly:

Alarmed by the fact the virus is spreading at a surprising rate of 1,792% per year,
Bearing in mind that the Zika Virus has infected at least 1.5 million people in Brazil
including at least 4,100 infants,

Disturbed by the accelerating number of victims from the disease, because of the
increasing number of mosquitoes,

Noting with great concern that Brazil provides a variety of natural resources to
other countries like wood, food, cloth, etc.,

Fully aware of the most babies that are born with Zika Virus are born in Spring,

Acknowledging the spread of the mosquitoes beyond Brazil, spreading the Zika
virus further around the world,

The Delegation of Brazil hereby:

Considers that the United Nations release bio engineered, male mosquitoes to mate
with the female mosquitoes to stop the spread of the Zika virus,

Noting that only female mosquitoes bite and only they can spread the Zika virus,
Urges that the UN release genetically modified male mosquitoes to mate with the
female mosquitoes, so their offspring can’t fly because the wing gene is shut down,
and they will die,

Take note of the bio engineered male mosquitoes will have a shorter lifespan than
the average male mosquito, and they will have to release an extra gene into the
female mosquito to make the females with the disease die.

The delegation of Brazil proclaims this resolution should go into effect by
December 1, 2018.
Resolution to Assist in the Syrian Refugee Crisis

To the General Assembly,

Alarmed by the knowledge that the German economy is in trouble due to the Syrian refugee crisis. It was estimated that in 2015 that over one million Syrian refugees entered Germany;

Bearing in mind, this will likely cost Germany up to 16 billion euros to have them accepted and housed in camps. Initially, German President Merkel, had supported an open-door refugee policy that would allow all possible Syrians to be accepted into our country;

Deeply concerned that in some towns, almost half of their residents are migrants, such as Calden. One town of 3000 people, now houses 1400 migrants;

Disturbed by the fact that about eleven million Syrians have fled their homes since the start of the civil war outbreak in 2011, now on the sixth year of war, 13.5 million are in need of humanitarian assistance, and Germany has spent billions of euros;

Emphasizing that 80% of refugees have no documents, and hundreds of thousands are planning to bring in their families.;

We the delegation of Germany do hereby,

Request that the United Nations(U.N), to help the Syrian refugee crisis by opening safer routes to sanctuary, which means allowing them to reunite with their family members and provide them with visas so that less are drowning to attempt safety;

We also request that the United Nations establish camps for refugees in Northern Africa to reduce the dangerous refugee flow across the Mediterranean Sea.

Proclaim this shall go into effect by 1/31/17.
A resolution to reduce interstate crime in Fiji

To the general assembly

Noting with concern, Fiji is being faces with very high crime rates. This, in turn, adds to their national debt. When divided, this is about $2,500 per capita.

As far as we know, Fiji is not taking very many precautionary measures to lower its extremely high crime rates.

Disturbingly, Fiji’s crime percentage is higher in urban areas and the surrounding resorts.

The delegation of Fiji does hereby:

Guided by extensive research we believe an effective solution to lower the crime of the Fijian economy would be to give all citizens (and tourists alike) a curfew.

To encourage the enforcement of this precautionary measure, we could use the “curfew laws”.

Refining the curfew laws are a system of laws that keep people of the streets after a certain time.

As a result, anyone seen on the streets “after hours” will be fined and charged.

We remind that laws such as these are already in place for juveniles in many american cities such as new york city, Los Angeles, and Dallas.

Noting that most crime happens at night, not allowing people aside from law enforcement out after a certain time will drastically reduce Fiji’s interstate crime rate.

Affirming that this will not cost the United Nations anything,

This resolution will take effect on January 1, 2017.
A Resolution to Prevent the Spread of Malaria Around the World

To the General Assembly:

Alarmed that about 3.2 billion people — nearly half of the world's population — are at risk of malaria, a potentially fatal disease. Malaria is also affecting the Bahamas.

Disturbed that in 2015, there were roughly 214 million malaria cases and an estimated 438,000 malaria deaths worldwide;

Fully aware that increased prevention and control measures have led to a 60% reduction in malaria mortality rates globally since 2000 (according to the World Health Organization);

Concerned that in the Bahamas, Malaria has been a common sickness in people ages 14-49 since 1990;

We, the delegation of Bahamas, do hereby:

Request that the UN help the Bahamas and other countries by Research and Development of mosquito elimination techniques;

We also request that the UN Provide funding for medicines and mosquito nets.
To the General Assembly:

Deeply concerned about the economic issues that will determine the next Hungarian elections;

Fully aware that the number of refugees has been significantly reduced by the recent anti-immigrant campaign of the Hungarian government;

Mindful that 9.9 million people are affected by the economic issues of the Hungarian election;

Acknowledging that there is significant migration and resulting terrorism. Because of this the people of Hungary are scared about the migration and terrorism which is affecting the election by the way people are voting;

Nevertheless the situation is less obvious on the national level, despite the communication offensive of the past couple of months. The economic difficulties isn't the only problem, another problem would be the unemployment;

Understanding the unemployment rate is 7.8% in the country. This unemployment affects how people live and deal with their financial difficulties.;

We, the delegation of Hungary hereby

Recommends that the United Nations should help resolve these issues by creating a committee to help come up with a strategy to lower the migration in the country and helping with the security problems.

We call upon the United Nations to help with the unemployment by creating more jobs for the immigrants that are coming into the country. This would also help the other countries in Europe.

We are convinced that migration, terrorism, and unemployment are major problems in the country of Hungary.

Proclaims that these shall be resolved by November 22, 2018.
To the General Assembly:

Deeply concerned that the government of Guatemala is losing officials due to the corruption of the President and Vice President;

Alarmed that many government officials are resigning from their jobs due to lack of safety caused by the President;

Observing that many citizens are becoming refugees to other surrounding countries, such as Mexico, Belize, El Salvador, and Honduras;

Keeping in mind that this issue means the people of Guatemala have poor government representation;

Understanding that this issue means Guatemala has a lack of economic opportunity compared to other surrounding countries;

Fully aware that the more citizens that leave Guatemala means a smaller population which would lower economic growth rates;

Mindful that all of this corruption could damage the country due to reduced government effectiveness;

We, the Delegation of Guatemala, do hereby:

Call upon the United Nations (UN) to help end this corruption from Guatemala's government by providing election monitors to assure a fair election;

Further request a review of laws in place so that the citizens of Guatemala do not have to flee to other countries for protection;

Urges the UN to create a committee to help set up presidential elections with standards so that the people of Guatemala are safe, protected, and don’t have to flee to other countries.

We proclaim that this shall go into effect by February 2, 2017.
A resolution to end water pollution in Argentina

To the general assembly:

The Matanza-Riachuelo River in Argentina has been named the most polluted river in the world. It has been given the nickname “Dirty Thirty.” Tourists that take ferry rides can't stand the smell.

Disturbed that the river is literally running red with blood. Skin and blood of animal carcasses are being dumped into the river. Also, toxic chemical residue, toxic metals, and pesticides have been dumped into the river. Human waste is also being channeled into the river. You'll be surprised to hear their own plan to fix it.

Bearing in mind, millions of dollars have been set aside to clean up the mess, but none of it is being used. Many people have called for the clean up, but still have not received their wish. The environmental minister said that in one thousand days they could drink from the river. A thousand days later nothing happened. It's time to fix this problem.

Confident that we can clean up the river. We request that we strengthen the support. Seeing as they already have the money set aside, it wouldn't cost us a thing. This would be a very simple solution. We could just push Argentina's govt. to comply.

The delegation of Argentina does hereby:

Request further support for the clean up of the Matanza-Riachuelo River. Their govt. has already set aside the money. We can make them see reason as to why this is such a big deal.
Sponsor: Ethiopia  
Delegates: Garrett Launer, Camden Gill, Evan Schaffner  
Committee: Social, Humanitarian and Cultural  
School: Dyersburg Middle School  

Relief for Third World Poverty and Hunger in Africa

1 Alarmed that at least 37 million Ethiopians continue to live in poverty;
2 Disturbed that, according to recent world bank statistics, the poorest in Ethiopia
3 have become even poorer;
4 Regretting that although high food prices improve income for many farmers, it
5 makes buying food more challenging for the poorest especially those in rural
6 areas;
7 Noting with grave concern that due to extreme poverty and hunger, many children
8 of school going age are forced into child marriage, child labor, child trafficking and
9 most recently child prostitution. Many children in Ethiopia are forced into petty
10 trading especially along major streets of big cities;
11 Acknowledging that all around Africa, there is endless poverty, as well as over
12 dependence on International Aid, lack of true leadership, and endless conflicts;
13 The delegation of Ethiopia does hereby:
14 Request funding for building supplies, food and water, aid, to keep kids in school.
15 We also request food relief to help alleviate hunger and help defeat starvation.
16 We also request the UN provide service workers to help make water wells.
To the General Assembly:

Having devoted attention to hunger in South Africa, and hunger around the world.

For reason such as 12 million people in South Africa go hungry. 870 million people in the world go to bed malnourished. 75% of South African children die in their first weeks of life.

Half of South Africa's population is on the brink of hunger.

The South African govt. has tried to help stop hunger but has been unsuccessful in their attempts. Poverty is the principal cause of hunger. The cause of poverty include poor people's lack of resources such as currency and food. A reason of such high poverty is an extremely unequal income distribution in the world and within specific countries, conflict, and hunger itself.

Noting with grave concern, when a mother is undernourished during pregnancy, the baby is often born undernourished, too. 17 million children are born this way every year. Because of women being undernourished, 315,000 die during child birth every year.

The Delegation of South Africa does hereby:

Due to all of these concerns, we have a solution.

Having studied, we have found that 8.4 percent of Americans make over 100,000 US dollars a year. We will make them pay a 1% tax to give to an organization called unify. Where they will donate 90% of the funds to children in need.

Encourage the US citizens that make over 100,000 Dollars to give a small amount of that money for a greater cause.

This shall go in effect by January 1, 2017.
A Resolution to Alleviate the Humanitarian Crisis in Venezuela

To the General Assembly:

Alarmed by the inadequate supply of food and necessities in Venezuela;

Aware that 13% of Venezuelans could only eat one to two meals a day. Venezuela’s population is approximately 31,335,113. Bearing in mind that 31.2% of Venezuela’s population falls below the poverty line;

Disturbed by the fact that most people have to eat out of the garbage, or simply go without food. Venezuelans have fled across the border to Colombia due to the many shortages. This has caused chaos in Cucuta leaving stores with empty shelves;

Taking in mind that the costs of food and basic items have increased. For a dozen eggs, it cost $150. Monthly rent in a 900 square feet apartment would cost $4,460. A pair of sport brand shoes would cost $246;

We the delegation of Venezuela, do hereby:

Call upon the United Nation (UN) to assist Venezuela by funding a shipment of food and necessities four times each year;

Urges the UN to create a committee to further provide proper food and funding;

Further request that each committee delegates an overseer who will appropriately manage the food and necessities.

Proclaim that this shall go into effect by January 1, 2017.
A Resolution to Help Contain Radiation Caused by the Chernobyl Incident

To the General Assembly:

Acknowledging that in 1986, experts predicted as many as 40,000 extra cancer deaths from the radiation spread onto parts of what was then the Soviet Union after the Chernobyl nuclear reactor’s explosion;

Bearing in mind that nearly 7,000 cases of thyroid cancer in children have been found in Belarus, Russia, and Ukraine in 2005;

Deeply concerned about the contamination in food and air, bodies of water, and fish, making some levels unsuitable for agricultural and residential purposes;

Disturbed by the billions of dollars being spent for the contamination, making it a burden on national budgets;

Fully alarmed by the substantial material help needed by the 100,000 to 200,000 people who were caught in a downward spiral of isolation, poor health and poverty after the accident;

Noting with concern that the accident immediately affected plants and animals living within 30 km of the cite, increasing the mortality rate and decreasing the reproduction rate in the population;

We, the delegation of Ukraine, do hereby:

Call upon the United Nations to set up a committee to find solutions to these problems.
A Resolution to Reduce Pollution Caused by Military Operations

To the General Assembly

Fully alarmed that air pollution caused by war is a factor contributing to the number of birth defects and cancers reported in Iraq;

Disturbed that human exposure to neurotoxicants and heavy metals from bombs, bullets, and other ammunition affects not only those targeted but also people living near military bases and troops;

Considering more than eighty-five thousand United States war veterans, that have been in Iraq, have been diagnosed with respiratory and breathing problems, neurological diseases, cancers, depression, and emphysema;

Fully aware that an air sampling study by the US Department of Defense at Balad base in 2008 detected high levels of particulate matter;

Concerned that the destruction of military base garbage in burn pits and other military operations have exposed soldiers and civilians to dangerous levels of pollutants;

Further deploring that the wars in Iraq, Pakistan and Afghanistan, have had a serious impact on the natural environments of these countries;

We the delegation of Iraq do hereby;

Request the United Nations should track war-related deaths, illnesses, and injuries among service members as a result of toxic dust exposure during deployments.

Call upon the United Nations to fund the building of better storage units for bombs, bullets, and other ammunition;

Encourages the United Nations to regulate the amount of burn pits and burning in Iraq;

This resolution shall go into effect on Feb. 1, 2017.
A Resolution to Promote Women’s Rights in Nigeria

To the general assembly:

Noting with deep concern about the way women have been treated over the last few years with their rights in Nigeria,

Acknowledging the fact that western influences have restricted women’s participation in politics and have the worst representation, which is 5.9% in national legislature compared to other African countries,

Alarmed by the point that women get the lack of respect in their families,

Deeply concerned about women and their relationships, if they say no to men they can be bathed in acid and the man gets no punishment,

Observing that men can also upload their crimes on the internet,

Disturbed about this women’s rights problem in Nigeria is turning out to be worse than slavery and it’s getting worse by the day, and no woman should be apathetic about such outrageous incidents.

We the delegation of Nigeria do hereby:

Call upon the united Nations to end this women’s rights problem by building safe houses around the country for women to stay at for safety. If the safe house succeeds, we can build more safe houses throughout the world,

Requests that UN comes to terms with the Nigerian government and passes a law to protect women and actually protect them,

Take Notes of revising the marriage laws that are institutionally biased against women,

Trusts that UN takes responsibility to help women to get better lives in Nigeria and other countries around the world in need of it.
Proclaim that this shall go into effect by January 1, 2017.

The cost of this project could be $50,000, but could be more if the project succeeds.

If it succeeds it could be around $400,000.
To the General Assembly:

Acknowledging the growing child labor laws in Zimbabwe

Noting that approximately thirteen percent of Zimbabwean children participate in child labor,

100,000 out of 1.3 million orphans work as food vendors or on tobacco farms,

Statics show that over 3,800,00 kids ages zero through nine work

Noting further 250,00 kids ages ten through seventeen work,

Fully aware that the children are working three hundred and one days a year; therefore,

The children work in any weather condition

Mindful, the kids are working six days a week for fifty weeks

The Delegation of Zimbabwe does Hereby:

Call upon the United Nations (UN) to enforce child labor laws by impeaching the leader if these laws are unenforced under their rules

To see this through a ratio three to four Zimbabwean citizens have to be for impeaching the leader

The cost of this will be nothing but the cost of finding a new leader

This will take effect by January 1, 2017.
Sponsor: Costa Rica
Delegates: Aleah Hawks, Amber Lemons, Angelina Unland
Committee: Social, Humanitarian and Cultural
School: Northview Middle School

A resolution to lower the prison time for minor crimes

To the General Assembly:

Having devoted attention to the increasing population in the prisons of Costa Rica. We have noticed that the population in prisons of Costa Rica has jumped 50% in the past 10 years.

Noting with grave concern that Costa Rica authorities efforts have proved to be unsuccessful. We have noticed that the courts of Costa Rica have shortened trials, causing bias convictions therefore putting unconvicted citizens in captivity.

We are mindful that not only is this prejudiced, but it is also causing several deaths in the prisons and creating horrible living conditions where surviving is a struggle.

The Delegation of Costa Rica:

Requests lowering the time in prisons for minor crimes and unconvicted citizens. This further resolves the overcrowding of prisons throughout Costa Rica. Unconvicted citizens are not criminals by any means. This will not cause any financial strain on the United Nations. This will help prison wardens and officials have more control over their prisons. Although, second-time offenses will result will result in longer times in captivity.

Noting with satisfaction that this resolution will result in better lives and second chances for unconvicted citizens and less serious offenses. This resolution will have no financial burden and will take effect January 1, 2017.
Sponsor: Djibouti  
Delegates: Maddison McCaig, Dylan Stewart, Ellie VanDyke  
Committee: Special Political and Decolonization  
School: Dyersburg Middle School

A Resolution To Help Stop Drought In Djibouti

To the General Assembly:

1. Observing that Djibouti is suffering through fourth straight year of drought;
2. Bearing in mind that this has led to loss of livestock, destruction of crops, and malnutrition;
3. Keeping in mind that this has affected over 120,000 people;
4. Deeply concerned over the loss of 70-80% of livestock;
5. Alarmed by this causing food prices to be raised by 50%;
6. Fully aware that 61,000 people in rural areas don’t have water to produce crops;
7. Noting with grave concern that total precipitation has decreased 17.4% from 1980-2011;
8. Fully alarmed that there has only been 73% of expected rainfall over the past 30 years;
9. Acknowledging the highly increased levels of illness and death have been caused by dehydration;
10. Aware that 18% of Djibouti is malnourished;
11. The Delegation of the Republic of Djibouti Herby:
12. Calls upon the United Nations to help in solving this crisis by funding the building of wells;
13. Urges the UN to create a committee to help build wells throughout Africa;
Further requests that the UN also help build rain-catching systems that will collect rain into reservoirs;

Proclaim that this shall go into effect by January 1, 2017.
A Resolution to Assist with Refugee Crisis in Europe

To the General Assembly:

1. Concerned about the recent mass immigration into Sweden and Europe;
2. Alarmed that immigrants are competing with Swedes for jobs and education;
3. Deeply concerned that tensions exist between the immigrant, mostly Muslim population and the native Europeans;
4. Aware that mass immigration has created "No-go Zones" in cities, where law enforcement fears to go;
5. Mindful that there is a group in Sweden, the Sweden Democrats, a nationalist party which is demanding that the country exit the European Union and limit immigration;
6. Bearing in mind that a Swedish town recently canceled "Earth Hour," an activity done every year in which the lights are shut off to promote saving energy, because of widespread sexual assaults against women;
7. Mindful that the immigration situation poses a problem for not only Sweden, but other countries in the European Union;
8. The delegation of Sweden does hereby
9. Calls upon the United Nations to set up a fund and refugee camps in Middle East countries such as Turkey and Egypt;
10. Recommends that the UN helps Europe to resolve the terrorist threats that Europe deals with daily;
11. Call upon the United Nations to consider creating an agency to provide documents for vetted refugees to assist in the immigration process;
Requests that the UN create a fund to assist European countries in providing assistance to refugees to offset the financial burden since according to a recent study the 2015 immigration crisis will cost the country many times what it spends every single year;

Proclaim that this will go into effect by January 1, 2017
To the General Assembly:

Concerned by the 14 billion pounds of waste that is dumped into the world’s oceans each year;

Alarmed that marine debris harms the environment of Australia and many other countries;

Regretting that marine debris affects the marine wildlife when animals mistakenly eat plastic and other debris which gets in their bodies, also they can get caught in it and it can seriously injure them or even cause death;

Disturbed by the fact that marine debris also affects humans and plants, causes pollution, can cause diseases in their drinking water, and also causes an outburst of new plant life, which can harm or kill plants by changing growing conditions;

We, the Delegation of Australia, do hereby:

Call upon the United Nations to help create a committee to develop regulations to govern the amount of waste disposed of in the oceans including recommendations for punishments and fines for offenders which include appropriate monetary fines. Proceeds from the fines will be put into a fund to help rehabilitate animals who have been harmed by the waste.
To the General Assembly:

Alarmed by tourist and Icelanders causing environmental problems in Iceland and other countries around the world;

Aware that Iceland needs to reduce the number of tourists that can enter their country as glaciers are now melting faster than before, as a result it is raising the sea level;

Fully aware that tourists are partially responsible for global warming by causing more planes to come into the country, which will increase air pollution;

Disturbed that tourist are also causing Iceland’s capital city, Reykjavik, to build even more hotels, due to the majority of Iceland’s population living in Reykjavik;

Keeping in mind that ecotourism is “responsible travel to natural areas that conserves the environment, sustains the well-being of the local people, and involves interpretation and education;”

Confident that ecotourism will benefit the environment in our country as well as provide positive experiences for the tourists;

We, the delegation of Iceland, do hereby:

Encourage the United Nations (UN) to solve this environmental crisis by providing funds to help countries to promote ecotourism;

Emphasizes that the UN also provides funding to study the benefits of ecotourism;

Urges the UN to create a committee to help promote ecotourism to many countries;

Proclaim that this shall go into effect by Apr. 5, 2017.
To the General Assembly:

Deeply concerned about burning waste management in Japan, and other countries around the world;

Bearing in mind that dioxin gets released into the air every time waste is burned;

Alarmed by the deaths and health issues that resulted from the dioxin release and air pollution;

Fully aware of the effects that burning waste management has on people in Japan, Ghana, Mexico City, Nepal, and many more countries across the globe;

Acknowledging the diseases that result from dioxin release such as heart disease, asthma, emphysema, and chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD);

We the delegation of Japan, do hereby:

Call upon the United Nations to create a committee to stop countries around the world from burning wastes and study more effective and safe disposal methods to reduce dioxin release

Encourages the United Nations to solve this problem by creating financial penalties for countries that burn wastes;

Proclaim that this goes into effect by January 24, 2017.